# Pupil premium strategy statement

## This statement details our school’s use of pupil premium (and recovery premium for the 2021 to 2022 academic year) funding to help improve the attainment of our disadvantaged pupils.

## It outlines our pupil premium strategy, how we intend to spend the funding in this academic year and the effect that last year’s spending of pupil premium had within our school.

## School overview

| **Detail** | **Data** |
| --- | --- |
| School name | Redbridge Community School |
| Number of pupils in school | 512 (2021-22)  564 (2022-23) |
| Proportion (%) of pupil premium eligible pupils | 49.2% (2021-22)  52% (2021-22) |
| Academic year/years that our current pupil premium strategy plan covers **(3 year plans are recommended)** | 2021/2022 – 2023/2024 |
| Date this statement was published | November 2022 |
| Date on which it will be reviewed | October 2023 |
| Statement authorised by | Jason Ashley, Headteacher |
| Pupil premium lead | Emily Bell, Assistant Headteacher |
| Governor / Trustee lead | David Whalley, Chair of Governors |

**Funding overview**

| **Detail** | **Amount** |
| --- | --- |
| Pupil premium funding allocation this academic year | £569,976 (2021-22)  527605 (2022-23) |
| Recovery premium funding allocation this academic year | £22,000 (2021-22)  £86930 (2022-23) |
| Pupil premium funding carried forward from previous years (enter £0 if not applicable) | £0 |
| **Total budget for this academic year**  If your school is an academy in a trust that pools this funding, state the amount available to your school this academic year | £591,976 (2021-22)  £ 614535 (2022-23) |

# Part A: Pupil premium strategy plan

## Statement of intent

| **What are your ultimate objectives for your disadvantaged pupils?**  Our ultimate objectives for our disadvantaged students, irrespective of their background or the challenges they face, is for them to make good progress at school and achieve highly across the curriculum and have access to a curriculum that meets their individual needs.  Not only is access to the curriculum a prime focus, but we also consider cultural and practical needs for disadvantaged students as a result of gained intelligence by members of the staff community.  **How does your current pupil premium strategy plan work towards achieving those objectives?**  High-quality teaching is at the heart of our approach with a focus on literacy, as we feel that this is the area that our students require the most support and one that will ultimately enable them to access the entire curriculum. This approach is proven to have the greatest impact on closing the disadvantage attainment gap and at the same time will benefit all pupils within the school. The intention is that non-disadvantaged students’ attainment will be sustained and improved alongside progress for their disadvantaged peers.  COVID 19 has highlighted the importance of remote learning (including homework) and the subsequent shortfall of ICT accessibility for disadvantaged students.  **What are the key principles of your strategy plan?**  Our approach will be responsive to any challenges presented to us and the individual needs of students, rooted in diagnostic assessment alongside our experience and knowledge of our pupils and the needs of each individual cohort and student.  COVID 19 has had a profound effect on many of our students, both academically and pastorally, and the divide between disadvantaged and non-disadvantaged students has become apparent as a result of the pandemic. Therefore, the long term plan using in-house enrichment is to provide disadvantaged students with the opportunity to regain academic ground and support their emotional needs. |
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## Challenges

This details the key challenges to achievement that we have identified among our disadvantaged pupils.

| **Challenge number** | **Detail of challenge** |
| --- | --- |
| 1 | **Curriculum** – a need for an evolving and relevant curriculum that continues to respond to the changing needs of students  We offer 15/17 subject clusters across KS3/4 to retain breadth and relevance. 100% PPI students are now offered the full suite of Ebacc subjects at KS4. 5% increase on PPI students securing a strong pass in full suite of Ebacc Subjects (11.7%-16.7%). |
| 2 | **Attendance**  –  Attendance 2022 Autumn 1 - PP attendance remains lower than non-PP students in all year groups.   |  | PP in group | Non PP in group | PP absence total | PP authorised / unauthorised | Non PP absence total | Non PP authorised / unauthorised | | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | | Year 7 | 133 | 95 | 6.4 | 3.8/2.5 | 3.4 | 2.3/1.1 | | Year 8 | 120 | 95 | 13 | 6.3/6.7 | 5.8 | 3.4/1.4 | | Year 9 | 108 | 103 | 16.8 | 5.9/10.8 | 7 | 3.7/3.3 | | Year 10 | 104 | 108 | 18.8 | 6.3/12.4 | 8.8 | 4.0/4.8 | | Year 11 | 109 | 100 | 18.9 | 7.8/11.1 | 7.6 | 4.2 /3.4 | |
| 3 | **Literacy** - reading, writing and communication impacts students across the curriculum.  **2020/2021**  On entry Primary School TA data shows:  Reading - 52/194\* students were TA below national expectations (26.8%)  Writing - 58/194\* students were TA below national expectations (29.9%)  So, from the Primary School TA data (PPI only)  Reading - 40/112\* students were TA below national expectations (35.7%)  Writing - 49/112\* students were TA below national expectations (43.8%)  Post lockdown, the reading age gap has widened in almost all year groups and niche groups, with the exception of year 10, year 9 girls and year 9 PP.  **2021/2022**  On entry Primary School data shows:  Reading - 60/220\* students were below national expectations (27.2%)  Writing - 85/220\* students were below national expectations (38.6%)  So, from the Primary School data (PPI only)  Reading - 37/125\* students were below national expectations (29.6%)  Writing - 52/125\* students were below national expectations (41.6%) |
| 4 | **Inclusion/Exclusion** – PP students have the highest internal and external exclusions  Fixed term exclusion figures are shown below:   |  | **2018** | **2019** | **2020** | **2021** | **2022** | | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | | Number of FTE | 35 | 48 | 50 | 73 | 41 | | % PP | 51% | 65% | 52% | 58% | 55% | | % Non PP | 49% | 35% | 48% | 42% | 45% |   Alternative exclusion room figures are shown below:   |  | **2018** | **2019** | **2020** | **2021** | **2022** | | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | | Number of AER students | 246 | 247 | 122 | 144 | 182 | | % PP | 82% | 75% | 80% | 86.8% | 76.4% | | % Non PP | 18% | 25% | 20% | 13.2% | 23.6% | |
| 5 | **Opportunities and Cultural Literacy** – due to domestic monetary constraints exacerbated by COVID 19, many students have limited access to trips, uniforms, materials etc.  Every year we have an opportunity fund that can be accessed by all staff members for those students in need of resources of £10,000. During COVID 19, the budget was doubled to accommodate the need for more ‘opportunity’. We expect this need to continue going forward and will endeavour to grant all applications made to access these funds.  Access to technology has and continues to be a priority for those who are working from home due to isolation. Numbers so far include:  Government issued technology: 316 Laptops, 96 Chromebooks, 111 routers, 20 ipads & 60 BT Wifi vouchers  Allocated technology in total: 253 Laptops & 5 Chromebooks issued to students (all students who requested tech support received it), 32 Staff allocated laptops, 81 routers issued to students (30 returned to LA)  Cultural Citizenship was added to our curriculum offer in 2022. Its intent is to address knowledge gaps across the curriculum. The most successful members of society are those who are able to discuss and argue topics of a moral, psychological, social, economical, historical and anecdotal nature. The KS3 course strives to address this deficit and build upon our school values of excellence, opportunity, respect and aspiration. |
| 6 | **COVID 19 Recovery** – the need to focus on how to ensure all students have the support needed to recover from lost learning and also the impact on their mental health.  Our internal assessments, observations and discussions with pupils and families suggest that the education and well-being of many of our disadvantaged and vulnerable students have been impacted by school closures. These findings are backed up by several national studies.  This has resulted in significant knowledge gaps resulting in pupils falling behind in many subjects and shows the need to address these through teaching and learning and during enrichment.  Our well-being surveys, observations and discussions with pupils and families have also identified social and emotional issues for many students including anxiety, struggles to get back into ‘normal’ school routines and low self-esteem and motivation. This is partly driven by concern about lost learning and lack of enrichment opportunities that have been available for disadvantaged students.  Our Family Engagement Worker is actively working with 22 families of whom 18 (82%) are in receipt of pupil premium  123 students are identified as students with SEMH needs and are classified as SEND on our AN Register. 80.5% of these students are PP students. These students gain additional support and all have an information sheet that teachers follow to accommodate their needs.  Through 2020/2021 there were 263 students that were referred to our Internal Triage system for additional SEMH needs. 44% of these students were then referred to external agencies for greater support. |

## Intended outcomes

This explains the outcomes we are aiming for **by the end of our current strategy plan**, and how we will measure whether they have been achieved.

| **Intended outcome** | **Success criteria** |
| --- | --- |
| **Curriculum Expectations**  To improve Ebacc uptake amongst our PPI and translate that uptake into year on year statistical improvement | By the end of 2023/24 15% of PPI students achieve a standard Ebacc Pass and 10% of students achieve a strong Ebacc Pass. PPI cohort Ebacc APS to score 3.25 |
| **Attendance** | To see a further closing of the gap between our PPI and Non PPI students overall attendance figure. By the end of 2023/24 this gap should be only 5% |
| **Literacy**  Improved reading comprehension, written responses and communication skills amongst disadvantaged students across the curriculum | **Reading Ages** - to see a closing of the gap and improvement of reading ages for all niche groups in all year groups via the STAR reading data reports  **Vocabulary** - to see the improved and more confident use of tier 2 and tier 3 vocabulary in written and verbal responses across the curriculum through lesson observations and work scrutinies  **Writing** - improved written responses in exams for longer writing questions. This will be seen through exam attainment and work scrutinies.  **Quality literacy teaching** - to ensure staff across the curriculum have access to literacy CPD and are clear on how our whole school strategy can be used in their own subject areas  **Quality assurance** - will be through Middle Leader QA activities and Curriculum Review Days to include: lesson observations, meetings with teachers and students and work scrutinies. |
| **Inclusion & Exclusions** | Fixed Term Exclusions - Overall FTE figures are already significantly below national but internal data shows a gap between the number of PPI and Non PPI students receiving a FTE. This gap should be closed so that an equal % of PPI and Non PPI students have a recorded FTE |
| **Cultural Literacy & Opportunity**  To ensure and support all students in their aspiration to experience life and experience culture beyond Millbrook | **Opportunity** - to ensure the school continues to support students so that they can fully access the curriculum and more  **Cultural Literacy** - to develop an ethos that embraces different cultures and exposes students to more than what is immediately around them. This will be seen in the fabric of the school, within lessons, during tutor time and assemblies |
| **COVID 19 Recovery - Curriculum & Pastoral**  Improved metacognitive and self-regulatory skills amongst disadvantaged pupils across all subjects | **Quality teaching and learning** - to ensure that all staff have access to high quality CPD across the year with full support from RLPs whenever an individual teacher requests this. Also the use of the CPD Classroom- EBE, SWN and RLPs to continue to add quality T&L CPD to the classroom to support teachers - including our newest teachers with experience teaching only during the pandemic  Teacher reports and class observations suggest disadvantaged pupils are more able to monitor and regulate their own learning  Homework completion rates across all classes and subjects should be improved |

## Activity in this academic year

This details how we intend to spend our pupil premium (and recovery premium funding) **this academic year** to address the challenges listed above.

### Teaching (for example, CPD, recruitment and retention)

Budgeted cost: £37,437

| **Activity** | **Evidence that supports this approach** | **Challenge addressed** |
| --- | --- | --- |
| CPD priority 1: **Literacy** (R, W, S&L) – development of the iStrategies (iWrite, iRead, iSpeak, iWord, chatnav) to include disciplinary literacy and explicit vocabulary teaching (RLP led) | * EEF – collaborative learning using talk has a consistently positive impact on learning (+5 months) * EEF – reading comprehension strategies can deliver an additional (+6 months) * EEF - metacognition and self-regulation has very high impact (+7 months) * EEF - Improving literacy in Secondary Schools research * Range of research books (can be found in our CPD library) | Literacy, curriculum |
| CPD priority 2: **Assessment** - development of how assessment is used within teaching at Redbridge (RLP led) | * EEF – feedback studies (verbal or written) show very high effects on learning. Effective AfL may have an impact of half GCSE per student per subject is achievable (+6 months) * EEF - metacognition and self-regulation has very high impact (+7 months) * Range of research books (can be found in our CPD library) | Literacy, curriculum |
| CPD priority 3: **Shine/more able** (all) - TLR holder now working alongside RLPS to deliver new strategies to all students to ensure inclusivity of challenge (RLP led) | * Nace challenge report, November 2019 * EEF - metacognition and self-regulation has very high impact (+7 months) * Range of research books (can be found in our CPD library) | Literacy, curriculum, recovery |
| CPD priority 4: **Recall**/questioning | * EEF – oral language interventions directly related to text comprehension and problem solving have greater impact (particularly PP students) (+6 months) * EEF - metacognition and self-regulation has very high impact (+7 months) * Range of research books (can be found in our CPD library) | Literacy, curriculum |
| CPD priority 5: **Sequencing** | * OFSTED research report - science and music * EEF - metacognition and self-regulation has very high impact (+7 months) * Range of research books (can be found in our CPD library) | Literacy, curriculum |
| Appointment of **Lead RLP (now Assistant Head)** to support and monitor the CPD priorities – **Metacognition** to underpin all T&L Strategies with RLPs becoming experts in F5 who are now responsible for leading, delivering and monitoring core whole staff CPD | * EEF – metacognition has consistently high levels of impact especially with low achieving and older pupils (+7 months) | Literacy, curriculum |
| Return to ‘normal’ teaching and the training of ECTs, NQT +1&2 in **guided learning**, investigate following a stilted training year for some. Introduction of new training calendar with sessions run by experts including SMT, external speakers and middle leadership | * EEF – small group tuition is effective especially when work is closely matched to learners’ needs (no more than 6 in a group) (+4 months) | Literacy, curriculum, recovery |
| Introduction of the Redbridge **Curriculum Review days** to support ML in the development of their curriculums | * [OFSTED Inspecting the curriculum research](https://assets.publishing.service.gov.uk/government/uploads/system/uploads/attachment_data/file/814685/Inspecting_the_curriculum.pdf) * CPD and support in the F5 from non-specialists | Literacy, curriculum |
| CPD focus on **online learning and online resources** during 2021 – this continues as a contingency plan and for isolating students - GCSE Pod, SAM Learning, Seneca, MyMaths, Bedrock vocabulary etc | * Teacher surveys on confidence in online learning provision. * [DFE Guidance on remote education good practice.](https://www.gov.uk/government/publications/remote-education-good-practice/remote-education-good-practice) | Curriculum |
| Introduction of the newly formatted **Teacher Development Reviews** incorporating a multi-pronged approach to performance management with precise links to T&L at its core | * Ongoing evaluation process | Literacy, curriculum, recovery, attendance, cultural literacy, opportunity |
| **Redbridge agreed expectations of T&L** including: Increased opportunity for silent independent work, presentation, explicit vocabulary teaching, low stakes questioning and clear sequencing in books CPD | * Ofsted subject reports * Lesson observations, book scrutinies and learning walks | Literacy, curriculum, recovery |
| **Teacher CPD library** to support staff in all areas of pedagogy | * Staff surveys on CPD and teacher development review targets | Curriculum, literacy, recovery, attendance, opportunity |

**Targeted academic support (for example, tutoring, one-to-one support structured interventions)**

Budgeted cost: £577,372

| **Activity** | **Evidence that supports this approach** | **Challenge number(s) addressed** |
| --- | --- | --- |
| **EduK8** – removing behavioural barriers in the mainstream whilst offering a bespoke curriculum for vulnerable students in a smaller environment | * EEF – ‘behaviour interventions can produce moderate improvements in academic performance along with a decrease in problematic behaviours’ (+4 months) * School research and evaluations of the curriculum for specific cohorts | Curriculum, Inclusion |
| **Knowledge and Skills tests** continuously reviewed and implemented across the curriculum | * EEF – Bloom’s ‘mastery learning’ shows a positive impact on learning (+5 months) | Curriculum, recovery |
| Use of **STAR reading** to monitor reading age to inform catch up and guided reading | * EEF - Reading comprehension strategies shows a high impact (+6 months) | Curriculum, literacy, opportunity, recovery |
| All KS3 classes timetabled in the **library for guided lessons** with the librarian and teacher leading targeted guided sessions | * Students timetables at KS3 demonstrate 2 lessons of library work across the fortnight | Literacy, recovery |
| **Double periods** to be kept to ensure maximum curriculum time and contingency for bubbles returning | * School research – more time with teachers and less lost learning time * COVID – contingency plan | Curriculum, recovery |
| **Targeted enrichment for year 11** – 3 hours a week per student: option subject, Maths and English  **Targeted enrichment for years 9 and 10 in the core subjects** | * EEF – extending school time evidence (from USA) indicates that, on average, pupils make 2 additional months progress per year (PP may be closer to 3 months) * School research - tuition targeted at specific needs and knowledge gaps can be an effective method to support low attaining students | Curriculum, recovery |
| **Use of subject specialist tutors** (and the extended tutor team) with targeted tutees to support areas of weakness in all year groups including guided reading on Fridays | * EEF – extending school time evidence (from USA) indicates that, on average, pupils make 2 additional months progress per year (PP may be closer to 3 months) * School research - making use of tutor time to support weaknesses in learning in guided groups | Curriculum, opportunity, recovery, literacy |
| Use of **nurture groups** in years 7 & 8 to support our most vulnerable students including the Outdoor Education pathway (KS4) with use of Lucy’s Garden and chicken coop | * Bespoke programme will suit the needs of the few, as evidenced by comparatively small groupings and specific teachers/supervision (e.g. Teaching Assistant Support) * EEF - teaching assistant interventions have moderate impact (+4 months) * EEF - Social and emotional learning has moderate impact (+4 months) | Literacy, curriculum, opportunity, recovery |
| **Bespoke options pathways** including the new Endeavour and Outdoor Education pathways to be more inclusive, vocational qualifications, ASDAN qualification and nurture groups. | * EEF – collaborative learning and metacognition has an impact on self-confidence and greater impact on more vulnerable students (+5 months) * EEF - Social and emotional learning has moderate impact (+4 months) | Literacy, curriculum |
| Use of **MidYis** to aid setting in year 7 and inform literacy/numeracy catch-up groups | * EEF – attainment grouping is likely beneficial for learners - however, low attainers need to be considered carefully (+2 months) * School research – matching staff to low ability groups is vital for success in developing strategies to improve attainment | Literacy, recovery |
| Development of **year 7 catch-up programme** in literacy and numeracy to include year 8 and 9 who need help to master specific skills taking place led by subject specialists | * EEF – mastery learning appears to be a promising strategy for narrowing the gap (+5 months) * School research – programmes need to be bespoke to the needs of the students with the support of Curriculum Support within the sessions | Literacy, recovery |
| **Development of DART** to inform interventions within all classes | * DARTs developed for all classes. Also, easily available and up to date information about all teaching and pastoral groupings on teacher MIS home pages | Recovery |
| **Investment in IT including programme**s Bedrock Vocabulary, My Maths, GCSE Pod, Seneca and SAM Learning and develop how these can be used for **home learning** | * EEF – digital technology ‘technology approaches should be used to supplement other teaching’ * EEF – homework must relate to in school learning and have feedback for impact (+5 months) | Curriculum, opportunity, recovery |
| **Significant investment in IT for all subject areas** – including Chrome Books for google docs etc | * EEF – digital technology is ‘unlikely to bring about changes in learning directly, but have the potential to enable changes in T&L strategies’ e.g. Effective feedback. Feedback shows very high effects on learning (+6 months) * School research – allows for immediate, personalised interventions within each lesson when working on individual written tasks * Recovery – continues to as our COVID contingency | Curriculum, recovery, opportunity |
| **Investment in IT and laptops for *all* students** during school closures and long-term plans | * School research – during COVID a need for all students to access remote learning for a considerate amount of time | Curriculum, opportunity, recovery |
| **Timetabled support for key students** within lessons with qualified teacher | * Over resourcing of key subjects (mainly Ebacc focus) to support small group enrichment/guided opportunities for targeted student groupings | Curriculum, opportunity, recovery |
| **SENCO to continue to offer class withdrawals** for literacy and numeracy sessions | * EEF – small group tuition is effective (+4 months) | Curriculum, opportunity, recovery |
| **One to one tuition** in the core subjects for LAC students | * EEF – short, regular sessions appear to have optimal impact and not a replacement for lessons | Curriculum, opportunity, recovery |
| Development of half-term/**summer schools** for KS4 | * EEF – summer schools must be intensive, well-resourced and involve small group tuition for any learning gains (+3 months) | Curriculum, opportunity, recovery |
| Development of **targeted breakfast enrichment** across the curriculum for all years | * EEF – small group tuition is effective * School research/assessment of students who would benefit from further small group enrichment | Curriculum, opportunity, recovery |
| **Careers education/interviews** for all | * School context/research – lack of aspiration in some parts of the community and a lack of experience from family members shows a need for this within school |  |
| Development of **Master Class assemblies** to focus on core subjects with HODs now taking these sessions | * Schedule of Core subjects and topics (Eng, Maths, Science) to address group needs according to departmental assessment information | Curriculum, opportunity, recovery |
| Use of high-quality resources in our **Self-Isolating Google Classroom** for those students at home and well enough to work | * Alan Taylor-Bennett (former HMI, school improvement officer) report February 2021 | Curriculum, opportunity, recovery |
| **Gender classes in English** to facilitate the debasing of previously held stereotypes related to content study | * Independent consultant (former highly successful headteacher) has visited to review gender classes in English to evaluate the impact of them | Curriculum, literacy, recovery |

**Wider strategies (for example, related to attendance, behaviour, wellbeing)**

Budgeted cost: £96,651

| **Activity** | **Evidence that supports this approach** | **Challenge number(s) addressed** |
| --- | --- | --- |
| **Lead Attendance Officer** appointed to lead and support AHOY in weekly attendance drive and new attendance strategies | * Attendance data * Tutor programme (tracking) | Attendance, recovery |
| **PA tutor groups** | * Attendance data * Bespoke tutor programme * Student surveys | Attendance, recovery |
| **Attendance bus** to visit students of concern and support key families | * Google doc - identifying proactive and reactive visits and the impact it has | Attendance, recovery |
| **PA Days and SEMH Days** (HOYs) | * Parental engagement within sessions * Minutes * Information sheets |  |
| **IMAG Team:**  **Senior Mental Health Lead, 2X Welfare officers, Saints Champion, 5X HOYs** | * ½ term numbers * Information sheets * Action Plans | Inclusion, attendance, recovery |
| Appointment of **Health and wellbeing coordinator** to support, coordinate and further promote emotional well-being for students | * Wellbeing newsletter * Resilience survey * Resilience workshops | Inclusion, attendance, recovery |
| **Group interventions** – for specific programmes including Girl/Lad Talk, behaviour and mental health issues | * EEF – social and emotional learning have valuable impact on attitudes to learning and social relationships in school (+4 months) * Resilience programme * Controlling emotions programme * Girls and self-esteem programme | Inclusion, attendance, recovery |
| **Family Engagement Worker** – including home visits and counselling for students | * ½ termly tracking (open cases) * Number of referrals to Children's Services * Parental communication (CPOMS) | Inclusion, attendance, recovery |
| **Rewards** for attendance | * ½ termly reset attendance data to encourage improved attendance * Newsletter to engage with parents * Hot 100 to engage with students and parents and praise | Attendance, opportunity |
| **Subsidised materials** in Technology for all | * Reduction of on-calls * Increased engagement - learning walks * Increased participation and opportunity to access the curriculum | Opportunity, curriculum |
| **Bushcraft** – targeted work for small groups in an outdoor setting | * Reduction of on-calls * Reduction in behaviour points * Reduction in Internal and Exclusion exclusions * Student surveys | Attendance, opportunity, inclusion, recovery |
| **Pupil voice** – to ensure students feel valued and have the tools they need to make progress | * student wellbeing survey * resilience survey * SERAT * Breakfast club numbers * Social group numbers * Student Leadership team minutes | Opportunity |
| **Opportunity Fund** available for all staff to apply for funding for key students who may need support - trips, uniform and access to resources eg. food | * School research – enables more students to access trips and ensures access to all areas of the curriculum etc | Opportunity, curriculum, attendance |
| Appointment of **Cultural Literacy lead** to work with ML/HOY and promote around the school.  Introduction of Cultural Citizenship at KS3 led by SAW to develop student awareness of the world around them | * Wall displays/posters to support knowledge within and beyond the curriculum * Curriculum implementation to now include cross-curricular/cultural literacy links to meet school context * Cultural Citizenship curriculum written for KS3 students | Opportunity, cultural literacy |
| Use of **Fair Share/free breakfast** for all to support vulnerable families and students | * Behaviour/exclusions * Numbers attending breakfast club is always high with regular attendees | Opportunity |
| **Free books** for pre-secondary children to support families at home | * Donations of books from staff and students are regularly taken by the community from reception | Literacy, recovery |
| Continued use of **School Cloud** for parents evening to ensure higher attendance | * EEF – parental engagement evidence is mixed particularly for PP students (+4 months) * School research – building relationships with families is important for all aspects of a student’s school life including well-being and behaviour (+4 months) | Recovery, curriculum |
| **Into University**, students learn about life at university. | * Impact report * [Here](https://intouniversity.org/sites/all/files/userfiles/files/IU19009_IU_IMPACT_REPORT_2019_WEB_AW%20(1).pdf) | Cultural literacy |
| Use of new **tannoy system** to promote literacy and cultural literacy during tutor times | * Weekly iWord, Fun Facts and JAS communication | Literacy, cultural literacy, recovery |
| Appointment of **Girl XL/LGBT+ coordinator** to celebrate diversity and awareness | * Blurred Lines posters raising awareness of sexual harassment * Development of mentoring schemes for targeted students (Girl XL) * coordinate speakers and visits * Alignment with SMSC/RSHE coordinator | Cultural literacy, attendance |
| Increase of **bespoke teaching groups across all year groups.** (Endeavour/Nurture) | * Behaviour data * Student surveys | Attendance, curriculum |
| Offer of **free books to all** students at Christmas and during the summer holidays | * £1536.32 spent on books by student request | Literacy, cultural literacy, opportunity |
| **Book vending machine** to use as a reward system | * Students love this reward - in particular the Harry Potter books | Literacy, cultural literacy, opportunity |
| **SEMH Triage system** - all students who have additional needs are given supportive intervention | * SEMH data * Information sheets | Attendance |
| Additional purchase days from **Educational Psychologist** | * Student consultation reports * EHCP * Exclusion data | Attendance, curriculum, literacy |
| Introduction to **online platforms within the AER** | * Behaviour and effort reports | Attendance, exclusions |
| School dog and guinea pigs | * Student leadership * Behaviour and effort reward * Emotional support | Attendance, cultural literacy, opportunity |

**Total budgeted cost: £711,460**

# Part B: Review of outcomes in the previous academic year

## Pupil premium strategy outcomes

This details the impact that our pupil premium activity had on pupils in the 2020 to 2021 academic year.

| *Due to COVID-19, performance measures have not been published for 2020 to 2021, and 2020 to 2021 results will not be used to hold schools to account. Given this, please point to any other pupil evaluations undertaken during the 2020 to 2021 academic year, for example, standardised teacher administered tests or diagnostic assessments such as rubrics or scales.*  *If last year marked the end of a previous pupil premium strategy plan, what is your assessment of how successfully the intended outcomes of that plan were met?*  Our assessment of the reasons for these outcomes points primarily to Covid-19 impact, which disrupted all of our subject areas to varying degrees. As evidenced in schools across the country, partial closure was most detrimental to our disadvantaged pupils, and they were not able to benefit from our pupil premium funded improvements to teaching and targeted interventions to the degree that we intended. The impact was mitigated by our resolution to maintain a high quality curriculum, including during periods of partial closure, through online teaching via Zoom and the use of breakout rooms where we would normally have TA support or group work within a lesson.  **Literacy**  Lockdown had a hugely negative impact on our students’ reading ages. During this time students could not visit the library and so did a huge overhaul of the library. Books are now stored in genre for ease of finding books. We ordered hundreds of brand new fiction books, created new reading challenges and brought new furniture ready for the opening in September 2021.  The following table shows the percentage of PP students on target for their reading ages before and during the current strategy:   | **Year Group** | **Autumn 20** | **Summer 21** | **Autumn 21** | **Summer 22** | **Autumn 22** | **Summer 23** | **Autumn 23** | **Summer 24** | | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | |  | Year 7 | | Year 8 | | Year 9 | | Year 10 | | | SCO | - | 12% | 12% | 13% |  |  |  |  | |  | Year 8 | | Year 9 | | Year 10 | | Year 11 | | | EPU | 20% | 12% | 11% | 14% |  |  |  |  | |  | Year 9 | | Year 10 | | Year 11 | | Year 7 | | | MDE | 10% | 11% | 16% | 21% |  |  |  |  | |  | Year 10 | | Year 11 | | Year 7 | | Year 8 | | | CCR | 13% | 16% | 12% | 7% |  |  |  |  | |  | Year 11 | | Year 7 | | Year 8 | | Year 9 | | | CBE | 12% | 7% | - | 12% |  |  |  |  |   **Attendance**  2021/2022   | From start of year to date | Absence all | Absence boys | Absence girls | | --- | --- | --- | --- | | Overall | 14.04 | 13.91 | 14.19 | | PP | 17.67 | 18.71 | 16.63 |   Autumn 1 2022   | From start of year to date | Absence all | Absence boys | Absence girls | | --- | --- | --- | --- | | Overall | 9.95 | 9.59 | 10.37 | | PP | 13.24 | 13.53 | 12.93 |   The effects of Covid continue to be evident on our attendance. We are still in the recovery stage, and are trying to get attendance back to its pre Covid figures.   * Last years focus was on re-engaging students and families and encouraging students back into school * PA students have increased in numbers as many students are suffering with anxiety/mental health issues as well as refusal to return to school learning * Coding has continued to adversely affect absence figures. A positive covid case will get recorded as an I (ill code [sub code 102] rather than an x code. This means most students who have had covid this term will currently be sitting at around 80% attendance. A significant amount of our PP students have contracted covid. Now coding 3 days of covid and then students expected back in school   Family Liaison Officer   * Engagement has increased as our FLO is now able to get back out to students for face to face meetings which has had a positive impact on improving relations and encouraging students back in   NVR training for parents   * NVR programmes are back up and running and parents have engaged with them   Weekly Attendance bus   * The bus began making visits again, although this has been sporadic due to staff availability. * Engagement from parents has varied - leaflets have been left when there have been no answers   EWO referrals and regular meetings   * EWO started making their face to face visits again and picked up existing cases * Unable/unwilling to proceed with many cases due to mental health/anxiety issues. * EWO caseload from ours and other schools is unsustainable   ELSA / mentoring, lunch time groups, meet and greet, family relationships)   * IMAG group has been launched and is now starting to work with students * Lunch time groups back up and running * Boxing anger management introduced * Small group sessions launched to help with time management rather than one to one sessions where possible   Whole school “rewards” regarding attendance   * Party in the Park was run in the summer term based on attendance and ATL - well attended * Winter Wonderland was planned and then had to be cancelled due to rising infection numbers. * Non uniform days were encouraged as short term two week rewards as they are effective in improving groups of attendance e.g. tutor groups * Half termly reset rewards were reintroduced - year groups ran their own rewards based on what they thought would be most hard hitting fro encouraging their groups to improve attendance * Introduced the tannoy announcements congratulating good attenders or improved attenders and rewarding them   Lates   * Late gate introduced to cut back on lates to tutor time * Sanctions for students persistently late to school with monitoring of those repeat offenders and report   Tutor relationships / AHOYs   * Changes made to Monday morning tutor sessions to allow tutors to focus on getting to know their tutees * Protected free period given to all tutors to complete pastoral jobs * AHOYS given an additional free to complete pastoral work * Following the whole school attendance programme - tutor calls, letters, AHOY calls, Meetings, letters, EWO, FPNs etc.   **Inclusion/Exclusion**   | **Number of FTE 21/22** | **73** | | --- | --- | | % Boys | 63% | | % Girls | 37% | | % PP | 55% | | % Non PP | 45% |   **Alternative Exclusion Room Figures**   | Number of AER students | 182 | | --- | --- | | % Boys | 65.9% | | % Girls | 34.1% | | % PP | 76.4% | | % Non PP | 23.6% |   **Curriculum**  We offer 15/17 subject clusters across KS3/4 to retain breadth and relevance. 100% PPI students are now offered the full suite of Ebacc subjects at KS4. 5% increase on PPI students securing a strong pass in full suite of Ebacc Subjects (11.7%-16.7%).  **Opportunity & Cultural Literacy**  The PP Opportunity fund is set at £10,000 each year. However, for the year 2020-21 the spend was actually much more - £19,472.99.  Trips and residentials - £14,780 including bushcraft residentials to engage vulnerable or at risk students  Revision guides - £368.02  Uniform - £1,718.96  Book giveaways - £1,536.32 including the Summer and at Christmas at both key stages  Rewards - £28.65  Food - £375.64 this is food for personal use rather than the curriculum  SAW (cultural literacy lead) has started a project for the fabric of the school to showcase the knowledge needed for each subject area and relevant cultural literacy. Plans are in place for these new displays to be put up in the year 21/22. Our flag pole will now be utilised to celebrate/represent causes, countries and commemorations e.g. Poppy Day, NHS etc. Collation of facts/knowledge for use over the tannoys in year 21/22. |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
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## Externally provided programmes

*Please include the names of any non-DfE programmes that you purchased in the previous academic year. This will help the Department for Education identify which ones are popular in England*

| **Programme** | **Provider** |
| --- | --- |
| N/A | N/A |
| N/A | N/A |

## Service pupil premium funding (optional)

*For schools that receive this funding, you may wish to provide the following information:*

| **Measure** | **Details** |
| --- | --- |
| How did you spend your service pupil premium allocation last academic year? | N/A |
| What was the impact of that spending on service pupil premium eligible pupils? | N/A |

# Further information (optional)

| *Use this space to provide any further information about your pupil premium strategy. For example, about your strategy planning, or other activity that you are implementing to support disadvantaged pupils, that is not dependent on pupil premium or recovery premium funding.*  Our pupil premium strategy will be supplemented by additional activity that is not being funded by pupil premium or recovery premium and this has been included in this document. |
| --- |